Growing Population of Elderly in Europe – A Wake Up Call for Social Services Expansion

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Source: Clinical Social Work and Health Intervention
Volume: 10
Issue: 2
Pages: 22 – 24
Cited references: 3

Reviewers:
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Key words:

Publisher:
International Society of Applied Preventive Medicine i-gap
Abstract:

Certain demographic changes nowadays, such as declining natality, increased life expectancy at birth and at retirement, will lead to an increase in the population of seniors for which society is unprepared and demand for social services will increase. How are we prepared today will predict the future for seniors tomorrow.

Introduction

Demographic developments in Europe have shown several warning signs over the past few years, such as declining natality, a population of average life expectancy at risk of civilization diseases; increased life expectancy at retirement; increased demand and the need for social services in the elderly cohort. Declining natality in Europe (0.8-1.2 child per woman) is an alarming state, which may be slightly adjusted by influx of migrants especially young families or by supporting family policies in European families.

Are we ready for seniors?

Increasing life expectancy itself is a positive phenomenon in society, both globally and locally, as it is usually the result of a lifestyle change influenced by public health professionals who promote healthy food, exercise, and preventive examinations. In addition, health systems are contributing to reducing cardiovascular risk; cancer-related mortality; addictions; or traumatic accidents. This is particularly highlighted in the countries of Europe, North America and the Western Pacific (Japan, Taiwan, Hong Kong, Singapore), where life expectancy exceeds 80 years. In addition to the way of life, there is a key role too in eating habits, which increases life expectancy especially in the Mediterranean, Scandinavia, Japan and China. This positive phenomenon also has an economic impact, as people in the 60s are still working and are thus of benefit for the economies of the individual countries. This leads states in Europe to prolonge retirement age in order to prevent an increase in pension expenditure for the growing generation of seniors.

Conclusion

If we expect an increase in the population of seniors who are economically active and pay one of the highest taxes to the state, we must also adapt social services so that they receive adequate care for their taxes. And this is a challenge for the country’s health systems as this problem will worsen directly in proportion to the growing senior population. Services such as nursing care, long-term illnesses centres, day care centers and hospices are in many countries undersized by both staff and equipment, and the number of beds is also insufficient. The challenge is therefore to ensure:

a) sufficient number of beds (infrastructure);

b) personnel (by popularizing professions and opening up new university programmes);

c) equipping seniors’ facilities (by releasing of funds).

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Clinical Social Work and Health Intervention Vol. 10 No. 2 2019
